



A **critical number** for a function  $f(x)$  is an  $x$  value  $x = c$  that has these two properties:

(1)  $x = c$  is a *partition number* for  $f'(x)$ . That is,  $f'(c) = 0$  or  $f'$  is *discontinuous* at  $x = c$ .

(2)  $f$  is continuous at  $x = c$ .

**Remark:** A function  $f(x)$  can only have *relative extrema* at its *critical numbers*.

Let  $f(x) = x + \frac{4}{x}$

(c) (**Presentation** by Student #1) Find the critical numbers for  $f(x)$ .

(d) Make a sign chart for  $f'(x)$ .